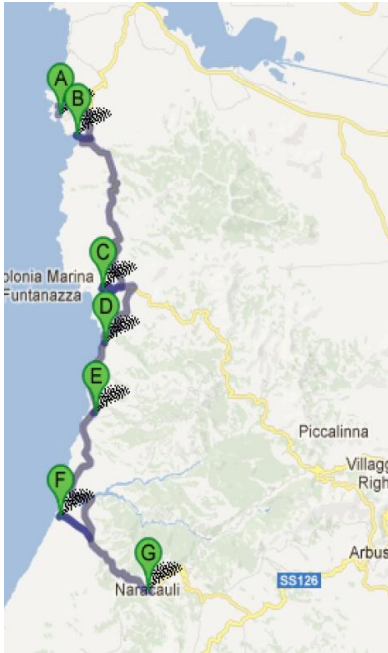




To discover Sardinia



For a holiday to remember, do not miss our excursions!

Tour 2: Torre dei Corsari, Porto Palma, Funtanazza, Gutturu de Flumini, Piscinas, Naracauli.

Tunaria or Porto Palma village Flumentorgiu the tuna fishery, was a village of fishermen, who were dedicated to fishing and tuna processing, declared a historic artistic and cultural interest. "characteristic example of traps eighteenth of Genoese architecture, consisting of an implant of the seventeenth century".

Port of Tremolia a sweep of rocks and smooth pebbles, so that overlook a beautiful sparkling sea of emerald green and iridescent blue, with a rocky bottom, flat rocks that outcrop. It 'perfect for enjoying a little' sea relaxing, admiring the mask, the bottom.

Funtanazza situated in a picturesque bay surrounded by the Mediterranean and in a beautiful pine forest of about 8 hectares. Basaltic rocks of volcanic origin, containing a

multitude of embedded fossil remains easily visible and in good condition, the white cliffs Sa Calada White, mainly molluscs and algae dating back to the Miocen.

Gutturu 'e Flumini is a small village of summer homes. The beach is composed of medium-grained sand, very compact dark golden color with the presence of small rounded pebbles, shells, and rocks. The coast bordered by white limestone formations to the north and formations of volcanic origin in the South, is a succession of beaches dark yellow, small pebble coves, sandy and rocky.

Portu Maga tourist destination started in the 90s, three kilometers of wide sandy beach, which sail flat rock formations that plunge into the sea, the characteristic of Portu Maga is the presence of well known eyes of saint lucia, special shells with shades of pearl. It is not uncommon along the road that leads to Piscinas encountering the presence of deer, absolute rulers of this stretch of the Costa Verde.

Piscinas The charm of this paradise is incomparable, evokes the peace and quiet of the desert. Its imposing white dunes reach up to 90 m high and penetrate the interior, shaped and driven by the Mistral wind. The silence that dominates this valley is broken only by the seagulls flock back to the bank of the Rio Naracauli. Dominates the landscape a veriegata Mediterranean vegetation, which holds firm in spite of the apparent hostility: juniper, mastic, broom, euphorbia, timelea, willows and other species. Rabbits and wild cats, foxes, partridges and hawks inhabit the juniper, the Caretta Caretta overlooking the sea to lay their eggs in the sand. But the undisputed king of this part of Sardinia is intact the Sardinian deer with her gait graceful that you can enjoy the pleasant nature pushing from the sea.

Naracauli The entire area is part of the Geo-Mineral Park of Naracauli is only a part, you can see the ruins of the complex Laveria Brassey, the late nineteenth century the presence of the washery Brassey, and then the adjacent laundry Pireddu, made of Naracauli the true center of the mine production of Ingurtosu. The laundry was inaugurated by Thomas Brassey Alnutt 17 October 1900, a laundry advanced mechanics for those times.

The dunes are a feature of the Costa Verde, but only to Pistis, Tower of Corsairs, Scivu and especially here in Piscinas have resulted in creating a truly unique phenomena Saharan environment. The sculptor, is the Mistral wind that with its long and relentless action, before it gives energy to accumulate on the sea coast the sand, then powerfully pushes inland forming hills, and finally the model continuously. What is striking, though it may seem strange, is the vegetation which, although seemingly hostile conditions, still finds its habitat here: in fact growing juniper, mastic and during the spring the wallflower, the sea lily and the poppy sand .

